



PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY 2021

7th Workshop

SPECIFIC METHODS FOR FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY

September 22nd 2021, Vinča Institute of Nuclear Sciences - National Institute of the Republic of Serbia, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia

PROCEEDINGS

SPECIFIC METHODS FOR FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY

7th WORKSHOP: SPECIFIC METHODS FOR FOOD SAFETY AND QUALITY

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INFLUENCE OF CAVITATION EFFECT ON STABILITY OF AFLATOXIN IN MILK

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ABSTRACT

Mycotoxins are common natural food contaminants which pose a risk to human and animal health. The cavitation effect is often used to break down harmful materials in a liquid medium. In this study, we used a cavitation effect to reduce the amount of aflatoxins in milk. The results showed a 24.2% reduction in aflatoxin content in milk compared to the control sample. These findings indicate that the cavitation effect could be useful for the degradation of aflatoxin M1 in milk.

INTRODUCTION

Contamination of food products with mycotoxins is a problem for human and animal health around the world. Mycotoxins are secondary metabolites produced by fungal species from the *Aspergillus*, *Penicillium*, and *Fusarium* genera. Aflatoxins are toxic metabolites of fungus *Aspergillus*, especially *Aspergillus flavus* and *Aspergillus parasiticus*. There are about 20 different types of aflatoxins, the most important of which are aflatoxins: B1 (AFB1), B2 (AFB2), G1 (AFG1), G2 (AFG1), M1 (AFM1) and M2 (AFM2). Aflatoxins AFM1, AFM2 are 4-hydroxylated derivatives of AFB1 and AFB2 and occur in the milk of mammals fed plant nutrients that contained mentioned B aflatoxins [1]. Figure 1 shows the chemical structural formulas of aflatoxins: AFB1 and AFM1. Diseases caused by aflatoxins are called aflatoxicosis. Although, the

target organ of aflatoxins action is the liver, they also show other undesirable properties, immunosuppression, mutagenicity, teratogenicity and carcinogenicity [2-4].

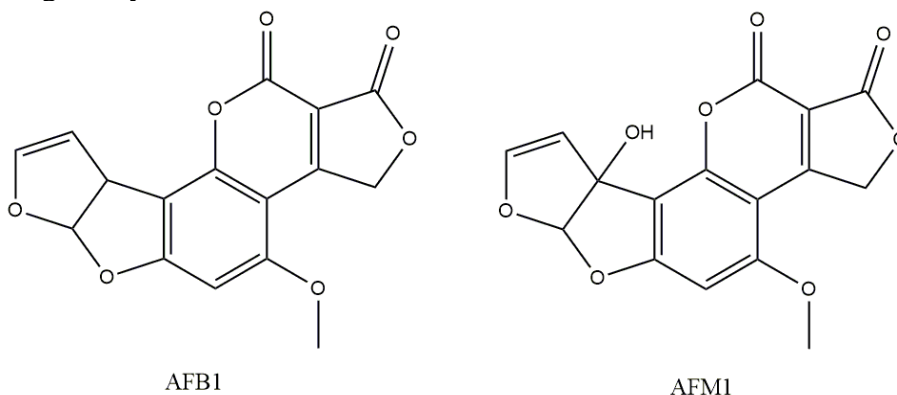


Figure 1. Chemical structural formulas of aflatoxins: AFB1 and AFM1.

The level of AFM1 permitted in milk is strictly regulated in many countries: the regulatory limit for AFM1 in milk is 0.25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{kg}$ in the Republic of Serbia. AFM1 concentration in milk and dairy products depends on its amounts of nutrients, age, species and breed of animals, lactation period, animal health, season, and other factors [5]. AFM1 is relatively thermostable in raw and processed milk and stays unaffected in pasteurized milk and in dairy products. Several strategies to inactivation of aflatoxins in contaminated products have been reported [6, 7]. An effective inactivation procedure of mycotoxins in food should be performed without creating toxic compounds, and compromising the technological and rheological properties. Also, it is important to maintain the pleasant characteristics of food products, preserving the nutritional values and reducing the loss of nutrients [7]. The objective of this study was to examine the efficacy of the cavitation effect on the degradation of AFM1 in milk under laboratory conditions.

EXPERIMENTAL

Cavitation effect was tested using milk sample obtained from an individual agricultural farm in the vicinity of Valjevo. An Ultra Turrax® homogenizer (T-25 basic, IKA, Germany) was used to create a cavitation effect. The milk sample (500 mL) is mixed at a speed of 20000 rpm for 6 min, while aliquots for the ELISE test were taken at the time intervals shown in Table 1.

The ELISE experiment

Determination of AFM1 in milk was conducted using “Aflatoxin M1” ELISA kit (Tecna S.r.l., Italy). Sample preparation was carried out according to the instructions from the manufacturer. Optical density was measured using

ELISA-reader Thermo Scientific (Waltham, MA, SAD), model 364, at the wavelength of 450 nm. Data acquisition and processing were enabled using Ascent software (v. 1.0). The method detection limit was 0.005 Pg/kg, specificity was 100% for the AFM1. Relative standard deviation of reproducibility was 6%.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Cavitation bubbles generate extreme temperatures (5000 K) and pressures (500 atm) in a very short time. The collapse of a cavitation bubble gives rise to physical and chemical effects in the liquid such as micro-streaming, agitation, turbulence, shock waves, generation of chemical radicals, etc. [8]. The formation of highly reactive chemical radical species can lead to mycotoxin degradation [9]. The main applications of ultrasound in the dairy industry include microbial reduction, fat homogenization, viscosity change, and improved fermentation. Hernández-Falcón *et al.* reported that the lowest levels of AFM1 were found in the unhomogenized milk after 10 minutes of treatment by thermostated ultrasound, one day after storage [10]. Table 1 shows the results of aflatoxin content in milk depending on the mixing time. In all samples, there was a decrease in the concentration of aflatoxins due to mixing, i.e. cavitation effect. Homogenization devices can create a cavitation effect when mixing liquids.

Table 1. Aflatoxin content in milk depending on the homogenization time.

Sample	Time (seconds)	aflatoxin concentration (µg/kg)
1	0	0.190
2	15	0.183
3	30	0.182
4	45	0.176
5	60	0.173
6	90	0.160
7	120	0.154
8	180	0.149
9	240	0.147
10	360	0.144

CONCLUSION

In this work, an IKA homogenizer was used to create a cavitation effect to remove aflatoxins from milk. The results showed a 24.2% reduction in aflatoxin in milk compared to the control sample.

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